Ublituximab, a Novel Glycoengineered Anti-CD20 mAb, In Combination with TGR-1202, a Next Generation Once Daily PI3Kδ Inhibitor, Demonstrates Activity in Heavily Pre-Treated and High-Risk Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia and B-Cell Lymphoma

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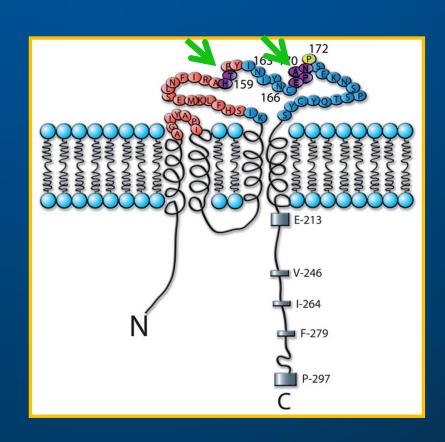
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Disclosures

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Ublituximab: Glycoengineered Anti-CD20 mAb

- Type 1 chimeric IgG1 mAb
- Unique binding sequence on CD20 (Green arrows in figure)
- Potential advantages over current standards of care:
 - Glycoengineered for enhanced ADCC
 - Demonstrated activity in "low" CD20 expressing cell lines:
 - CLL/SLL
 - Refractory B-NHL
 - Single agent responses observed in rituximab refractory patients¹



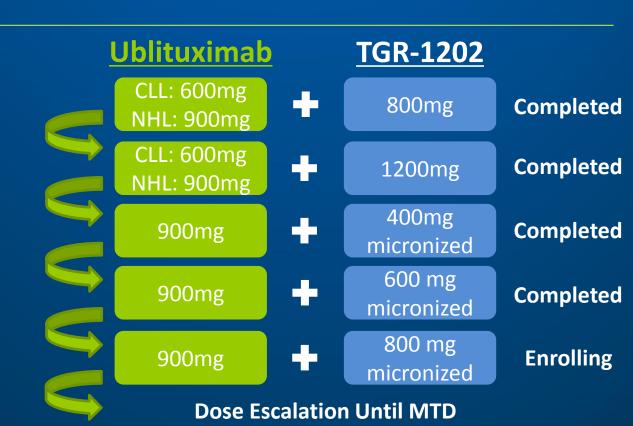
TGR-1202: Novel PI3Kδ (delta) Inhibitor

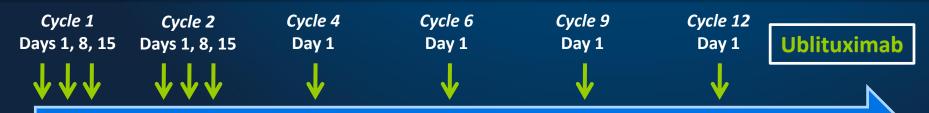
TGR-1202	Idelalisib (GS-1101)	Duvelisib (IPI-145)
F O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	F O N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	
Delta	Delta	Delta/Gamma
QD	BID	BID

- PK profile that allows once-daily oral dosing
- Absence of hepatic toxicity in rel/ref hematologic malignances¹
- 93% nodal PR rate in patients with rel/ref CLL¹
- Dose escalation ongoing—dose-response relationship observed¹

Trial Design: TGR-1202 + Ublituximab

- Enrolling B-cell NHL and CLL/SLL
- No limit on prior therapies
- Allows for prior BTK and/or PI3K inhibitors use
- 3+3 Dose escalation





TGR-1202 Once Daily Continuously (Days 1-28 = 1 Cycle)

Demographics: TGR-1202 + Ublituximab

Evaluable for Sa	27		
Evaluable for Ef	26		
Median Age, ye	65 (35 – 82)		
Male/Female	17/10		
ECOG, 0/1/2	12/15/0		
Prior Therapies, (range)	3 (1 – 9)		
Histologies	CLL/SLL, n	9/1	
	Follicular, n	9	
	DLBCL, n	7	
	Richter's, n	1	
≥ 2 Prior R-Chemo Regimens, n		18 (67%)	
Refractory to Prior Therapy, n		11 (41%)	

- 67% of CLL had 17p and/or 11q del
- Median Prior Tx in FL:5 (range 1 9)
- 5/7 DLBCL with Germinal Center (GCB) Subtype

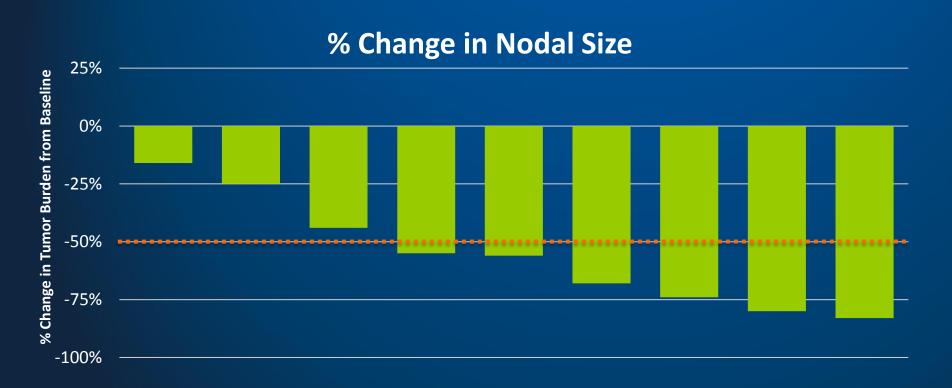
Safety: TGR-1202 + Ublituximab

Adverse Events in ≥10% (All Causality) n=27

(/iii Saasanty/ ii 2/							
Adverse Event	All Grades	Grade 3/4					
raverse Event	n (%)	n (%)					
Infusion reaction	14 (52)	1 (4)					
Neutropenia	11 (41)	9 (33)					
Nausea	10 (37)	-					
Diarrhea	9 (33)	-					
Fatigue	8 (30)	-					
Insomnia	8 (30)	-					
Dyspnea	6 (22)	1 (4)					
Cough	5 (19)	-					
Back Pain	4 (15)	-					
Constipation	4 (15)	-					
Sinusitis	4 (15)	-					
Vomiting	4 (15)	-					
Abdominal Pain	3 (11)	1 (4)					
Fever	3 (11)	2 (7)					
Upper Resp Inf	3 (11)	-					

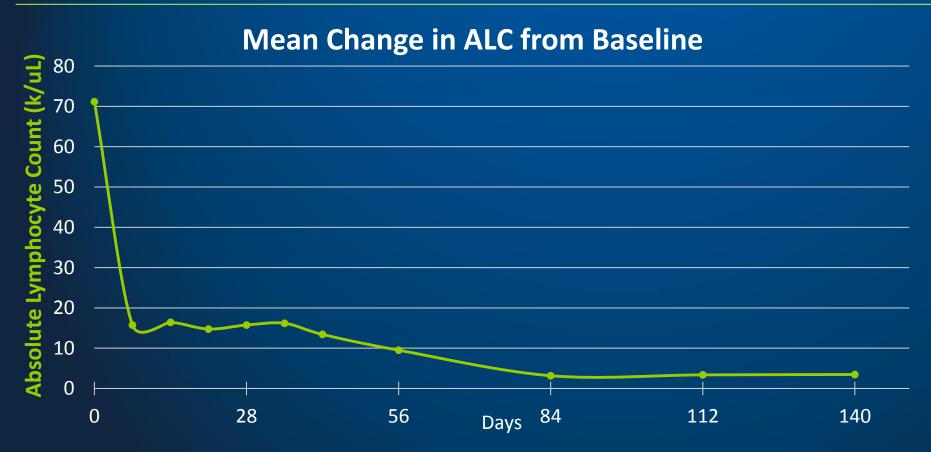
- IRR mostly on Day 1
- 3 patients enrolled with Gr 3 neutropenia
 - 2 improved & 1 worsened (DLT)
 - GCSF restricted in Cycle 1
- TGR-1202 dose reduced in 1 patient in Cycle 5
 - Grade 1 diarrhea
- Notably, no hepatic toxicity observed

Activity in CLL/SLL: TGR-1202 + Ublituximab Interim Data From Early Dose Escalation Cohorts



- 67% PR rate iwCLL (Hallek 2008)
- 6/9 patients with 17p and/or 11q
- All CLL patients remain on study (3+ to 9+ months)

TGR-1202 + Ublituximab: Activity in CLL



- End of Cycle 3:
 - All patients achieved >50% reduction of ALC
 - 88% achieved ALC <5000/uL</p>

Activity in NHL: TGR-1202 + Ublituximab Interim Data From Early Dose Escalation Cohorts





- FL: 1 PET(-) CR and 1 PR
 - 78% of FL (N=9) patients have not progressed on study
- DLBCL: ORR 43% (3/7);
 - 2 CR's confirmed by <u>independent radiologic review</u>
 - 3 patients remain on study > 7 months

"Triplet": TGR-1202 + Ublituximab + Ibrutinib

Initial cohorts for both NHL and CLL (n=5)

900mg

TGR-1202
400 mg
micronized

+/NHL: 560mg

- Ongoing enrollment with 600 mg dose of TGR-1202 in NHL cohort
- Safety: All Grade 1/2 AEs (no Grade 3/4 events to date)
 - AEs included IRR, nausea, fatigue, and diarrhea
 - No dose reductions or delays with patients treated up to 4+ months

Clinical Response at First Assessment (8 Weeks)

Histology	Description	Prior # Rx	Prior Ibrutinib	Rel/Ref	Rituximab Refractory	Response	% ↓
Follicular	Stage IV	4	Refractory	Refractory	Yes	PR	74%
MCL	Advanced	2	No	rAuto txp	No	CR	PET -
Richter's	17p	3	No	Refractory	Yes	PD	N/A
CLL	17p	2	No	Refractory	Yes	Too Early	N/A
Follicular	Stage IV	1	No	Refractory	Refractory	Too Early	N/A

Conclusions

- Ublituximab and TGR-1202 has significant activity:
 - CLL: ORR 67% iwCLL (Hallek 2008)
 - FL: 78% have not progressed on study
 - DLBCL: ORR 43%, with 2 confirmed CRs (activity in GCB)
- Favorable toxicity profile
 - No hepatic toxicity to date in 87 pts
 - 32 pts in current study + 55 pts in single agent TGR-1202 Ph 1
- Both the "Doublet" and "Triplet" continue to accrue
 - Clinicaltrials.gov: NCT02006485

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- Clinical Research Nurses
- Families
- Patients